Volunteers Needed for Archaeology Field Work
by James B. Petersen, UVM

Volunteer archaeological field workers are needed for four days in September 2003, set to take place at the “Shelf” site during “Vermont Archaeology Month” (VAM). VAS members are especially encouraged to participate in one or more days of this VAM event. The UVM Department of Anthropology, its UVM Consulting Archaeology Program (CAP), and the Vermont Division for Historic Preservation (VDHP), with VAS support, are planning to conduct four days of archaeological testing at an endangered early historic Euroamerican site in Bridport, Vt. Jim Petersen and John Crock from UVM and Scott Dillon of the VDHP, in conjunction with Ron Kingsley, will direct the field work.

The “Shelf” site is apparently dated to around A.D. 1750-1760, and may be a late local French occupation or perhaps an early English occupation, situated next to an eroding bank along Lake Champlain. The eroding bank clearly endangers this highly significant site. The objectives of the proposed work include: 1) mapping of the entire site and site area; 2) determine the size, depth, and nature of the subsurface cultural deposits; and 3) establish the nature of the European-derived occupation, whether French or English. Depending on the results of this field work and the wishes of the landowners, a larger, more long-term excavation of the endangered portions of the site may be undertaken in the future, perhaps in 2004.

The dates proposed for the archaeological field work at the “Shelf” site in Bridport are as follows:

Friday and Saturday, September 19 and 20
Saturday and Sunday, September 27 and 28

We will likely work at the site from 8:30 AM to 4:30 PM each day. Anyone interested in participating should call to reserve a spot ahead of time so that the potential field workers can be balanced out among the different days of field work. Please call the general number for the UVM Consulting Archaeology Program at (802) 656-4310 if you are interested in participating. Directions to a meeting place and other general instructions will be available before the field work begins. Each participant will need to bring their own food and water, but all equipment will be provided. We hope to see some of you there!

Obituary: Marjory W. Power, 1930-2003
by James B. Petersen, UVM

We regret to inform the VAS membership of the death of our esteemed colleague and friend, Marjory W. Power. Marjory, or “Marj,” died on June 26, 2003, after a long battle with polychondritis and emphysema. Marj was born February 3, 1930 in Cincinnati, Ohio, the daughter of Ross and Edith Williams. She leaves behind her husband of 28 years, Nathan Power, and three children, Nicholas Honerkamp, Mary Allyn (Dande) Levi, and Lisa Pitman, and six grandchildren, as well as a broad spectrum of friends in all walks of life, including many VAS members. As some of you will know, we dedicated Volume 3 of The Journal of Vermont Archaeology in 2000 to Marjory and the following obituary is derived in large part from that dedication.

Marj Power was an inspiration to UVM students for over 20 years and many others interested in archaeology and anthropology over a longer period still, and it is appropriate to share with you some of the salient details of her life. Marj received her B.S. undergraduate degree from Indiana University (IU) in 1965, after which she enrolled in the graduate anthropology program at IU where she was a student from 1965-1969. She then taught at Illinois State University (1969-1972), California State University (summer 1972), and the University of Kentucky (1972-1973) while she was working on her Ph.D. research related to the famous Angel Mound site, a large and significant Mississippian-period settlement in Indiana.

Marj first came to Vermont about 30 years ago when she accepted a temporary, one-year position at Middlebury College in 1973, after which she was hired in a tenure-track position as an Instructor in the Department of Anthropology at the University of Vermont (UVM) in 1974. In 1975, Marj was promoted to Assistant Professor at UVM after receiving her Ph.D. that year for her dissertation on Angel Mound. With granting of her tenure at UVM, Marj was promoted to Associate Professor in 1981. During these years, Marjory taught a wide range of prehistoric and historic archaeology, museum studies, ethnomusicology, and folklore courses at UVM. Along with many other forms of service at UVM, Marj served as Chair of the Department of Anthropology from 1987 to 1990. She retired from UVM in 1996 as a result of her failing health. Typical of her generous spirit and sense of public
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Address general inquiries concerning the Society to the Secretary.

from the editor’s desk . . .

The Journal of Vermont Archaeology, Volume 4:
If all goes according to plan, VAS members who have renewed at least once will receive a free copy of Volume 4 of The Journal of Vermont Archaeology. This is a new publishing policy, which we hope to continue annually as a new benefit of membership. The issues will be slightly smaller with fewer articles compared to earlier issues; however, they will have about the same number of articles/pages per year when factored on a per-year basis. At this writing, three full-length articles have been received and are being formatted. So come to the fall VAS annual meeting on October 4 (see below), renew for next year, and pick up your free copy of Volume 4. Copies of earlier volumes will be also available for sale at the meeting as will be our popular VAS Atlatl T-shirts and Tote Bags.

NOTICE

VAS Fall Annual Meeting
Business, Reports, Elections, Papers, Lunch
(and maybe a Tour?)
Saturday, October 4, 2003
Radisson Hotel, Burlington

(Application and Program Schedule Coming in Separate Mailing)

Note that the VAS and the Vermont Academy of Arts and Sciences (VAAS) are both meeting in Burlington on October 4. Don’t get us confused with them.

Speaking of Publications . . .
I am republishing my book, 200 Years of Soot and Sweat: The History and Archaeology of Vermont’s Iron, Charcoal, and Lime Industries. As was the case when initially published in 1992, the revised edition will be a cooperative venture with the VAS, the details of which are presently being worked out. The 1992 edition sold out in early 1998 and I am responding to continuing requests for copies plus being distressed at seeing copies for sale on the internet at $100+ (originals sold for $33).

The new issue will contain an additional dozen or so pages reflecting field work accomplished since the book came out in 1992. It will also include an errata sheet plus various other revisions, additions, and corrections and will be available in the fall at about a $28 range.

New VAS Newsletter Editor:
I am stepping down as newsletter editor with publication of this issue, but remain the Journal editor. Becoming an annual issue, that, along with marketing and sales of all VAS publications will keep me sufficiently occupied as I metamorphose into the archaic period of my life. I started with the March 1995 issue and, except for three issues in 1999-2000 (thank you, Todd, wherever you are), will have managed to publish 20 issues. My style received good and bad reviews (someone—you know who you are—still complains the type is too small), but at least I received no death threats.

My able successor, Geana Little, will take the helm of the editor’s desk with the next issue. Geana was elected to the VAS board the fall of 2002 and we all welcome her to this sometimes difficult, sometimes rewarding, but an always necessary job. Welcome aboard, Geana!

Vic Rolando, VAS Newsletter editor
September 2003 marks the tenth annual celebration of Vermont's archaeological heritage. Volunteers put together the first celebration, Vermont Archaeology Week, in 1994. Much of the credit for making Vermont Archaeology Week a reality goes to Kathy Callum of GEOARCH and Giovanna Peebles of the Vermont Division for Historic Preservation. For the last five years, the Vermont Agency of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration have generously supported the annual celebration. This support is much appreciated, as it lets the staff focus on programs rather than fundraising. In 2002, the VAS decided to officially expand to a month, with events scheduled throughout September.

By now you should have received your Vermont Archaeology Month 2003 poster and calendar of events. Thirty-five exciting events will be held in 19 towns around the state. Organizers hope that VAS members will attend at least one event.

Scheduled events include presentations that will deepen your understanding of the people and traditions that shaped our corner of the world. Spend an evening with scholars eager to share their most recent discoveries and stories of archaeological sleuthing. Learn about a War of 1812 graveyard, Lake Champlain canal boats, or a 4,000-year-old Native American camp.

The VAM coordinators, Sheila Charles and Prudence Doherty, successfully encouraged presenters to offer programs that provide a hands-on introduction to archaeological research and sites. This year, there are many opportunities for people of all ages to visit sites. If you have always wanted to go on a dig, you can work with professionals to extract information from a possible eighteenth-century French homestead in Bridport. Enthusiastic guides will help you explore some of Vermont's vanished agricultural and industrial communities and follow a section of the Crown Point Road, carved out of the wilderness in 1759. Your whole family can test their spear-throwing skills at the Northeastern Open Atlatl Championship.

The VAS co-sponsors the atlatl championship with the Vermont Division for Historic Sites. If you would like to help, please contact Elsa Gilbertson at the Chimney Point Historic Site, (802) 759-2412. Volunteers will receive VAS t-shirts.

Please note the correct date for Kids' Archeology Day at Mount Independence!

Saturday, September 27

For the most up-to-date listing of events, check out the Vermont Archaeology Month page on the VAS web site at www.vtarchaeology.org. One new event is Duncan Wilkie's lecture at 7:00 p.m. on Thursday, September 11 at the Martha Canfield Library in Arlington. Wilkie, an archaeologist with the Vermont Agency of Transportation, will present a slide show about the archaeological discoveries associated with the Bennington Bypass.
The following are brief biographies of VAS Board Candidates submitted by the Nomination Committee for the 2003-2006 term (replacing the 2000-2003 term) and will be voted upon at the Fall Annual Meeting:

Brigitte Helzer (for second term)
Brigitte is seeking her second term on the VAS Board. During her first term, she assisted in organizing the spring and fall 2001 VAS meetings at Billings Farm and Museum, Woodstock, and Trinity College, Colchester, and played a major part in helping set up and tend our booth at the 2002 and 2003 History Expo at Tunbridge. A Registered Nurse by profession, her interest and formal studies archeology/anthropology make Brigitte a valuable asset to the VAS Board. She would like to see more of the public involved/knowledgeable about what is happening in the field in their own state.

Francis “Jess” W. Robinson IV (new)
“Jess” has been with UVM CAP since 1999 and is currently CAP’s assistant crew chief and lab manager. He has an MA in English and American Literature and is author of A Handbook to Vermont Archaeology, written in partial fulfilment of an outreach component for the Circumferential Highway. Jess says “As a board member, I hope to use my experience and insight to further our shared goals of increased exposure and understanding of the archaeology of ... Vermont.”

John A. Ham (new)
After graduating from UAlbany in 1998 with a BA in Archaeology and Art History, John worked for John G. Waite Assoc before coming to Hartgen Archeological Associates, Inc. in 1999. Since then he has earned an MA in Archaeology and Heritage Management from the University of Leicester. John says “Over the past year I have become more aware of the threats that have been developing towards Vermont’s cultural resources.”

One vacancy exists for the 2003-2006 term and also for the final year of the 2001-2004 term. If you are interested in getting involved in the “nuts and bolts” of making the VAS work and are a paid-up member, let us know.

Vermont Archaeology Month
September is Vermont Archaeology Month (VAM) and hundreds of posters and Calendars of Events have been mailed. If you haven’t received one or would like further information, contact www.vtarchaeology.org, the VAS (see VAS address on last page of this Newsletter), or contact Pru Doherty at (802) 878-0236. Over 35 events in 18 towns are scheduled. Watch your local newspapers for additional information.

VAM is presented by the VAS in partnership with the Vermont Division for Historic Preservation, and is generously supported by the Vermont Agency of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration.

Vermont State Historic Preservation Officer
Moving On To New Challenges
submitted by Giovanna Peebles, State Archeologist

Vermont State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) Emily Wadhams, of Burlington, has announced that she is leaving as head of the Division for Historic Preservation and moving on to new projects and new challenges. Several weeks ago, Emily informed Division staff that “It is with sadness that I am informing you that I am resigning as the State Historic Preservation Officer. I have decided that it is time for me to move on. I plan to do consulting and to pursue a couple of business ideas I have been fostering for a while. It was a very hard decision to make because of the personal relationships I’ve developed with all of you at the Division.”

Emily has been an extraordinarily capable manager over the last 6 years, strengthening and focusing the Division’s many programs, as well as an energetic and enthusiastic historic preservation booster. She has spent a great deal of time understanding and resolving archeological issues; has presented archeology as a valued resource to past and current administrations; and has emphasized various important archeology initiatives including a curation center, GIS mapping, and the new archeology guidelines. Her leadership, energy, and good humor will be missed. Emily will remain at the Division until Sept 15th.

The Governor and Secretary of the Agency of Commerce and Community Development Kevin Dorn are working in finding a replacement for Emily, a very tough assignment indeed.

Book Review

Neither Plain nor Simple: New Perspectives on the Canterbury Shakers by David R. Starbuck.

(Excerpted from the University of New England Press web page. David R. Starbuck is a VAS past President, former editor of VAS Newsletter and The Journal of Vermont Archaeology, and is Professor of Anthropology at Plymouth State University, N.H.)

Publication date: November 2003, University Press of New England, 224 pp. 125 illus. 8½ x 11, $29.95 Paper, 1-58465-210-1

Canterbury Shaker Village, located in Canterbury, New Hampshire, just northeast of Concord, has seen more archeological research than any other Shaker community. David R. Starbuck has been digging there for over a quarter of a century. Beginning in 1978, Starbuck and his team mapped some 600 acres of the village, preparing 61 base maps, as well as dozens of drawings of foundations and mill features. Accompanying the maps were several hundred archeological site reports describing the history and present condition of every field, dump, foundation, wall, path, and orchard within the community. These documents offered the first
comprehensive look at both the built and natural environment of any Shaker village. This above-ground study - with much updating - forms the second part of this volume.

Through the 1980s, grant funding was available chiefly for above-ground recording and only rarely for excavating. Still, from the beginning Starbuck and his team speculated about what types of unexpected artifacts might be found if excavations were conducted in the Shaker dumps or in the nicely-manicured lawns behind the village’s communal dwellings. With the 1992 death of Sister Ethel Hudson, the community’s last surviving member, it seemed clear that Canterbury Shaker Village represented an unparalleled opportunity to use archaeology as a cross-check on surviving 19th-century historical records and visitors’ accounts.

The Canterbury Shakers constitute one of the very best test cases for historical archaeology precisely because they were a society that tightly controlled their internal descriptions of themselves. Because we know what the Shakers expected of themselves, we can use excavations to determine whether they actually lived up to their own ideals. Excavations into various dumps began in 1994. In the Second Family blacksmith shop foundation, for example, Starbuck discovered thousands of pipe wasters - evidence that the Canterbury Shakers manufactured red earthenware tobacco pipes for sale to the World’s People. The Shakers’ hog house contained numerous ceramics and glass bottles; at another dump almost a hundred stoneware bottles for beer or ginger beer were unearthed along with whisky flasks, perfume bottles, and false teeth.

These new artifacts contradict the popular image of the Shakers as plain, simple, and otherworldly, thereby challenging existing paradigms about the nature of Shaker society. Starbuck’s findings suggest that Shaker consumption practices were highly complex and that Shakers were perhaps more "human" than previously imagined. Neither Plain nor Simple, which brings together the original site maps with his most recent findings, will serve as the definitive archeological investigation of the Canterbury Shakers and their lifeways, and function as a model for similar archeological studies of communal societies.

Marjory Power (continued)

service, Marj also served as a Trustee of the Vermont Archaeological Society from 1977 to 1980 and as a member of the Executive Committee for the Center for Research on Vermont from 1987-1994. She also served as the archaeologist member of the Vermont Advisory Council for Historic Preservation for a long period (1979-1990), as appointed by the Governor of the State of Vermont.

Along with these forms of professional and volunteer service, Marj also made substantial contributions to Vermont archaeology through her research and publications. Her most notable post-graduate research project involved the large-scale salvage excavation of the prehistoric Winooski site in 1978. She completed a lengthy technical report on this work in 1983 and published a popular summary of this research in 1984, both with Jim Petersen. However, her most widely known scholarly contribution to Vermont archaeology is the book, The Original Vermonters: Native Americans Past and Present, which was co-authored with William Haviland. This influential book was first published in 1981 and a second, revised edition came out in 1994, in both cases published by the University Press of New England. Marj helped impart a distinctive humanistic perspective to this book project and she was long an advocate for Native Americans in general and Vermont’s Western Abenaki in particular.

Overall, Marjory’s legacy may be best represented by her many, many students over the years at UVM and elsewhere. Multiple generations of UVM undergraduate students and reportedly undergraduate and graduate students at other schools all profited from the kindness, moral support, and academic guidance that Marj extended to them. She was uniformly generous in other words, much as if they all were members of her large, extended family. Each and every student merited such attention. We will not see the likes of Marj again any time soon and we extend our condolences to her family.

Boy Scouts Earn Archaeology Merit Badges

submitted by Giovanna Peebles, State Archeologist

As of 2001, there have been a total of 68,020 Archaeology Merit Badges awarded by the Boy Scouts of America. Of that total, 3,372 badges were earned in 2001. In sharp contrast, only 28,552 scouts have earned the old Indian Lore badge (which has been around considerably longer than the Archaeology badge). For more info, visit the BSA web page www.scouting.org.

News of VAS members . . .

UAlbany Archaeologist, Michael Werner, Excavates an Ancient Roman Military Base in Yugoslavia.

Through excavations in Yugoslavia, Werner sheds new light on Roman history, while in Albany, he works to stay a step ahead of construction projects that might destroy valuable artifacts of the city’s rich past.

This summer, State University of New York, Albany (UAlbany) classics professor Michael Werner will excavate with a team of University researchers and student archaeologists at the ancient Roman Legionary Base at Viminacium, on the Danube River in Yugoslavia. The Roman military base dates back to A.D. 33 as a Roman encampment and may, have been used by subsequent military forces, including the 5th century’s Attila the Hun. The excavations were interrupted for 12 years when the United Nations introduced sanctions. Before that, for some 25 years, UAlbany collaborated with Yugoslav institutions and international agencies on projects of historical and archaeological importance.
"We're very excited about returning," said Werner who has taught at UAlbany since 1978 and is director of the University's Mediterranean Archaeology program. "This is a significant archaeological site on an empire-wide basis, and we're gratified to be back in Yugoslavia to learn and contribute. It feels like coming back home." This time around the team will utilize magnetic resistivity and ground-penetrating radar devices, all non-destructive procedures, to initially identify certain types of remains. "Our students get invaluable hands-on experience at these Roman sites," said Werner.

Albany Mayor Gerald Jennings recently appointed Werner to serve as the city's official, but unpaid, archaeologist. "The University at Albany has a component for community service in our job, and I see this as a specialized form of community service," said Werner.

Two years ago workers building a garage in the city discovered a Colonial-era rum distillery and the year before the remains of a 17th-century Dutch trading post were uncovered during the construction of a state building downtown. "Now," says Werner, "we can anticipate in advance of the bulldozer."

And from across the lake . . .

Mapping the future: DEC, others solicit input on management of lake's islands

(The following article by Jeff Meyers, Staff Writer of The Plattsburgh Press Republican, published August 18, 2003, and submitted by Greg Furness, Mineville, NY.)

PLATTSBURGH, NY - Officials from the state's environmental and recreational agencies will utilize comments from the public as they develop management plans for a group of islands in Lake Champlain. The Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) oversees activities on most of the state-owned islands in the lake, including Valcour and Schuyler islands. Crab Island, just south of Plattsburgh, falls under the jurisdiction of the states Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation.

The agencies are in the process of creating a management plan for those and four smaller islands within the state's forest preserve. Officials recently held a public forum asking for direction in writing the management plan.

"We wanted to solicit input at the very beginning stages of the plan, so we can include the public's wishes," said Kevin Kieff, director for the Historic Preservation's Thousand Islands Region. "We've received some very beneficial comments, especially considering the future of Crab Island."

Crab Island has become a hotbed of discussion lately because of its historical significance. Dozens of American and British troops killed during the Battle of Plattsburgh lie in unmarked graves somewhere on the island. Many people have voiced a need to identify those graves and to protect the island as a historical landmark.

"I would say a majority of comments on Crab Island, if not all, were of a historical nature," Kieff said. "A majority of the comments were talking about a desire for an increased interpretation of the island's historical significance and an increased ability to enjoy it."

The island is not boater-friendly in that the shoreline offers few opportunities of good mooring sites. The heavily wooded island itself is also overrun by poison ivy, creating a sticky situation for anyone attempting to explore the small land form.

A monolith dedicated to the buried men still stands near the northern end of the island while a group of local residents is continuing its efforts to raise a flagpole that was first erected in 1903 but fell during a severe storm in the mid-1990s.

Valcour Island attracted a more recreational-oriented audience during the meeting. "A lot of people spoke about the boating issues around Valcour," said DEC representative Charles Vandrei. "There seems to be two main groups of interest: the small-boat people (kayakers, canoeists and anglers) and the sailing folk. The small-boat people want better access to the island;
sometimes the bigger boats out there limit access.”

Access to the Valcour Island Lighthouse was also a major issue. The lighthouse, managed by Clinton County Historical Association, is open during the summer on some Sundays, but some people voiced concern that it needs to be a higher priority for the state.

“We’ve gathered a lot of information on what the problems are facing management of these islands,” Vandrei said. “What we need to do now is look for some solutions. We want to continue meeting with people to discuss these issues in more focused sessions.”

State officials are looking to hold a series of meetings targeted for interested groups during the fall. For instance, one meeting would specifically address the historical aspect of Crab Island while another would focus on the navigational issues around Valcour.

“We want to get a sense, as managers of these islands, of what the people who live near them and who use them want out of them,” Vandrei said. “That’s the kind of information that we are going to use for this written management plan.”

Following the upcoming meetings, officials will draft a management plan for review early next year. Formal public hearings plus review from the Adirondack Park Agency (for islands within the park) will then be held prior to a final approval by the state DEC commissioner.

“We’ve got a good start,” Vandrei said. “But we’ve got to keep going. We’ve got to get this done, so we can have a plan for where we want to be five years from now.”

Upcoming Meetings, Conferences, and Events:

September 25-28: Society for Industrial Archeology (SIA) Fall Tour, Northeast Montana. Dams, bridges, forts, oil fields, coal mine, a sugar-beet refinery, plus other big and dirty stuff. Contact quivik@usfamily.net.

October 4: Vermont Archaeological Society, Radisson Hotel (announcement in process).

October 23-26: Council for Northeast Historical Archaeology (CNEHA), Lowell, Mass., paper sessions, tours, and workshops. Contact Karen Metheny at kbmetheny@aol.com.

Twenty-five years ago in the VAS

by Vic Rolando

Do you remember where you were and what you were doing in 1978?

The VAS celebrated its 10th birthday 1978. Bill Bayreuther was VAS Newsletter editor. On June 17 (a few days short of summer!), the VAS spring meeting was held at the Shelburne Museum, entertaining attendees with “a program of archeological films.” The flier said “Bring an Old Fashioned Picnic Lunch!” Sounded great for the $3 admission fee.

The spring newsletter featured an article on Shelburne Pond yielding a dugout canoe; Bill Murphy had designed a new VAS Brochure, and the VAS and DHP were co-sponsoring bimonthly archeology seminars in Brattleboro, Rutland, and Burlington. Bill Haviland announced his intention to devote a year’s sabbatical to writing a book on Vermont Indians; and Mr. and Mrs. John Boucher made a gift of the artifacts from the Boucher Site to UVM. Dues was $5; Joe Popecki was Treasurer.

The fall annual meeting was October 14 in the upstairs meeting room of the old Sheraton Burlington Inn (before it, too, became an artifact). Elected to the board were Bill Bayreuther, Jim Petersen, Bill Noel, and Sue Smith. Jim gave a report on progress at the Winooski Site and then Giovanna Peebles introduced this unknown stranger from NY State who gave a presentation on (of all things!) stone built blast furnaces in Vermont and New York. He was nervous but was well received, and he never looked back. Before the day ended he had joined the VAS. At the evening banquet, Peter Thomas spoke on the Fort Hill Site, a Squakheag Village in the Connecticut Valley.

At a later board meeting, Jim Griffin was elected VAS President; Dr. Gordon Nielson became Vice-President; Sue Smith re-elected Secretary; and Joe Popecki was returned as Treasurer.

I remember 1978 - I remember it well. When 1978 started I was living in the Historic Stockade Section of Schenectady, NY; by the time 1978 became history I had discovered the VAS, Vermont, and scads of people I never knew existed - especially Joe, Dee, Eric, Louise, Peter, Giovanna, Jim, Charlie, and Marj. Especially Marj, who had something to do with my being invited to address the VAS that fall, and thus were sown the seeds of 200 Years of Soot and Sweat.
Application for Membership or Renewal

□ NEW  □ RENEWAL  □ ADDRESS CHANGE

I SUBSCRIBE TO THE PURPOSES OF THE SOCIETY AND HEREBY APPLY (OR REAPPLY) FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE CATEGORY CHECKED BELOW.

Signature

Please print of type:
NAME ________________________________
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CITY/TOWN ____________________________
STATE ___________ ZIP _____________
COUNTRY _______ PHONE(______) __________
EMAIL ____________________________
DATE ______________________ AGE ___ (if Senior)

Dues Schedule (please check one)
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F □ Family ($25)
ST/SE □ Student/Senior* ($10)
C □ Contributing ($50)
L □ Life ($250)
P □ Philanthropic ($10,000)
IN □ Non-profit Institutional ($25)
IP □ For-profit Institutional ($50)

NOTE: The VAS does not sell the use of its membership list. However, we occasionally allow its free use by select organizations with announcements of specific interest to VAS members. Do you authorize us to share your mailing address with such organizations? □ YES □ NO

*Senior: 65 years or over. Students must be full-time and provide photocopy of active student ID card. Anyone wishing a membership card, please include a stamped, self-addressed envelope. You may photocopy this form.

Make check (US Funds) payable to The Vermont Archaeological Society, Inc. and mail to:
P.O. Box 663, Burlington, VT 05402-0663